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SOME FORMULAS OF OPERATIONAL CALCULUS  
FOR STEP FUNCTIONS GENERATED BY SPECIAL  
FUNCTIONS

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One-dimensional Laplace transforms of some step functions are presented.

Formulas of operational calculus for step functions play an important role in discrete analysis, in particular, in the solution of various equations [1, 2]. In the present paper, which is a continuation of [3], we present a table of new operational relationships for step functions that are special functions of the function  $|t|$ , the integer part of  $t$ . The relationships are presented in two columns: the function  $f(|t|)$  in the left hand column and its Laplace transform  $F(p)$  in the right hand column, where

$$F(p) = \int_0^{\infty} f(|t|) \exp(-pt) dt = \frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} f(k) e^{-kp}.$$

Here  $f(|t|) = f(k)$  for  $k \leq t < k + 1$ ,  $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ ;  $\text{Re } p > 0$ , unless the contrary is indicated. The notation employed is that commonly used in the mathematical literature (see, for example, [4-7]).

TABLE 1. Laplace Transforms of Some Step Functions

No.	$f( t )$	$F(p)$
1	$x^{[t]} \Gamma([t], a)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \left[ \exp(xe^{-p}) \text{Ei}\left(-a + \frac{e^p}{x}\right) - \text{Ei}(-a) \right],$ $ axe^{-p}  < 1$
2	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} \Gamma([t], a)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \text{Ei}(axe^{-p} - a), \quad a(1 - xe^{-p}) > 0$
3	$x^{[t]+1} \zeta([t] + 2)$	$\frac{1 - e^p}{p} [C + \psi(1 - xe^{-p})], \quad  xe^{-p}  < 1$
4	$x^{2[t]} \zeta(2[t])$	$\frac{\pi x}{2} \frac{e^{-3p/2} - e^{-p/2}}{p} \text{ctg}(\pi xe^{-p/2}), \quad  xe^{-p/2}  < 1$

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TABLE 1 (continued)...

No.	$f(t)$	$F(p)$
5	$\frac{x^{[t]+2}}{[t]+2} \zeta([t]+2)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} e^{2p} [\ln \Gamma(1-xe^{-p}) - Cxe^{-p}],  xe^{-p}  < 1$
6	$\frac{x^{2[t]+2}}{[t]+1} \zeta(2[t]+2)$	$\frac{e^p-1}{p} \ln [\pi xe^{-p/2} \operatorname{cosec}(\pi xe^{-p/2})],  xe^{-p/2}  < 1$
7	$\frac{(a)_{[t]} x^{[t]} \zeta([t]+a)}{[t]!}$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \zeta(a, 1-xe^{-p}),  xe^{-p}  < 1$
8	$\binom{n+[t]-1}{[t]} x^{[t]} \zeta(n+[t])$	$\frac{(-1)^n}{(n-1)!} \frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \Psi^{(n-1)}(1-xe^{-p}),  xe^{-p}  < 1$
9	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} D_{[t]+v}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \exp\left[\frac{x}{4} e^{-p}(2a-xe^{-p})\right] D_v(a-xe^{-p})$
10	$\frac{(-v)_{[t]} x^{[t]} D_{v-[t]}(a)}{[t]!}$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \exp\left[\frac{x}{4} e^{-p}(xe^{-p}-2a)\right] D_v(a-xe^{-p})$
11	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} J_{v\pm[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \left(1 \mp \frac{2x}{a} e^{-p}\right)^{\mp v/2} J_v(\sqrt{a^2 \mp 2axe^{-p}}),$ $2 xe^{-p}  < a$
12	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} I_{v+[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \left(1 + \frac{2x}{a} e^{-p}\right)^{-v/2} I_v(\sqrt{a^2 + 2axe^{-p}})$
13	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} I_{v-[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \left(1 + \frac{2x}{a} e^{-p}\right)^{v/2} I_v(\sqrt{a^2 + 2axe^{-p}}),$ $2 xe^{-p}  < a$
14	$x^{[t]} P_{[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p(1-2axe^{-p}+x^2e^{-2p})^{1/2}},  xe^{-p}  < \min a \pm \sqrt{a^2-1} $
15	$\frac{x^{[t]+1}}{[t]+1} P_{[t]+1}(a)$	$\frac{e^p-1}{p} \ln\{2[1-axe^{-p}+(1-2axe^{-p}+x^2e^{-2p})^{1/2}]-1\},  a  < 1$
16	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} P_{[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \exp(axe^{-p}) J_0(xe^{-p}\sqrt{1-a^2}),  a  < 1$
17	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{([t]!)^2} P_{[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} I_0(2xe^{-p}\sqrt{a-1}) I_0(2xe^{-p}\sqrt{a+1})$
18	$x^{[t]} L_{[t]}^\alpha(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (1-xe^{-p})^{-\alpha-1} \exp\left(\frac{ax}{x-e^p}\right),  xe^{-p}  < 1$
19	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]+\alpha} L_{[t]}^\alpha(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (axe^{-p})^{-\alpha} \gamma\left(\alpha, \frac{ax}{e^p-x}\right), \operatorname{Re} \alpha > 0,  xe^{-p}  < 1$
20	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{(\alpha+1)_{[t]}} L_{[t]}^\alpha(a)$	$\Gamma(\alpha+1) \frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (axe^{-p})^{-\alpha/2} \exp(xe^{-p}) J_\alpha(2\sqrt{axe^{-p}})$
21	$x^{[t]} L_{[t]}(a) L_{[t]}(b)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (1-xe^{-p})^{-1} \exp\left(x \frac{a+b}{x-e^p}\right) I_0\left(\frac{2\sqrt{abxe^{-p}}}{1-xe^{-p}}\right)$
22	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} L_h^{[t]-n}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{n!p} (xe^{-p}-a)^n \exp(xe^{-p})$
23	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} L_n^{[t]+\alpha}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \exp(xe^{-p}) L_n^\alpha(a-xe^{-p})$
24	$x^{[t]} L_{[t]}^{\alpha-[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (1+xe^{-p})^\alpha \exp(-axe^{-p})$
25	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} H_{[t]+n}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \exp(2axe^{-p}-x^2e^{-2p}) H_n(a-xe^{-p})$
26	$\frac{x^{2[t]}}{(2[t]!)^2} H_{2[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} \exp(-x^2e^{-p}) \operatorname{ch}(2axe^{-p/2})$
27	$\frac{x^{2[t]+1}}{(2[t]+1)!} H_{2[t]+1}(a)$	$\frac{2}{p} \operatorname{sh} \frac{p}{2} \exp(-x^2e^{-p}) \operatorname{sh}(2axe^{-p/2})$

TABLE 1 (continued)...

No.	$f(t)$	$F(p)$
28	$\frac{x^{2[t]+1}}{(2[t]+1)!} H_{2[t]}(a)$	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2p} e^{a^2} \operatorname{sh} \frac{p}{2} [\operatorname{erf}(a + xe^{-p/2}) - \operatorname{erf}(a - xe^{-p/2})]$
29	$x^{[t]} C_{[t]}^{\nu}(a)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} (1 - 2axe^{-p} + x^2e^{-2p})^{-\nu},  xe^{-p}  < 1$
30	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} B_{[t]}$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \frac{xe^{-p}}{2} \left( \operatorname{cth} \frac{xe^{-p}}{2} - 1 \right),  xe^{-p}  < 2\pi$
31	$\frac{x^{2[t]}}{(2[t])!} B_{2[t]}$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \frac{xe^{-p/2}}{2} \operatorname{cth} \frac{xe^{-p/2}}{2},  xe^{-p/2}  < 2\pi$
32	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} B_{[t]}(a)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} xe^{-p} \exp(axe^{-p}) [\exp(xe^{-p} - 1) - 1]^{-1}$
33	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} E_{[t]}$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \operatorname{sech}(xe^{-p}),  xe^{-p}  < 2\pi$
34	$\frac{x^{2[t]}}{(2[t])!} E_{2[t]}$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \operatorname{sech}(xe^{-p/2}),  xe^{-p/2}  < 2\pi$
35	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{[t]!} E_{[t]}(a)$	$2 \frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \exp(axe^{-p}) [\exp(xe^{-p}) + 1]^{-1}$
36	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{([t] + n)!} P_{[t]}^n(a)$	$(-1)^n \frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \exp(axe^{-p}) J_n(xe^{-p} \sqrt{1 - a^2})$
37	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{([t] + 2n)!} P_{[t]+n}^n(a)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} (xe^{-p})^{-n} \exp(axe^{-p}) I_n(xe^{-p} \sqrt{a^2 - 1})$
38	$\frac{(a)_{[t]}}{[t]! (b)_{[t]}} x^{[t]} {}_1F_1(a; b + [t]; y)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \Phi_2(a, a; b; y, xe^{-p})$
39	$\frac{(b-a)_{[t]}}{[t]! (b)_{[t]}} x^{[t]} {}_1F_1(a; b + [t]; y)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \exp(xe^{-p}) {}_1F_1(a; b; y - xe^{-p})$
40	$\frac{a_{[t]}}{[t]! (c)_{[t]}} x^{[t]} {}_2F_1(a, b; c + [t]; y)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} \Xi_1(a, a, b; c; y, xe^{-p})$
41	$\frac{(a')_{[t]} (b')_{[t]}}{[t]! (c)_{[t]}} x^{[t]} {}_2F_1(a, b; c + [t]; y)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} F_3(a, a', b, b'; y, xe^{-p}),  xe^{-p}  < 1,  y  < 1$
42	$\frac{(a)_{[t]} (b')_{[t]}}{[t]! (c')_{[t]}} x^{[t]} {}_2F_1(a, b; c + [t]; y)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} F_2(a, b, b'; c, c'; y, xe^{-p}),  xe^{-p}  +  y  < 1$
43	$\frac{(a)_{[t]} (b')_{[t]}}{[t]! (c)_{[t]}} x^{[t]} {}_2F_1(a, b; c + [t]; y)$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{p} F_1(a, b, b'; c; y, xe^{-p}),  xe^{-p}  < 1,  y  < 1$
44	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{(n - [t])!(\alpha + 1)_{[t]}} L_{[t]}^{\alpha}(a),$ $t < n + 1$ $0, t > n + 1$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{(\alpha + 1)n p} (xe^{-p} + 1)^n L_n^{\alpha} \left( \frac{ax}{x + e^p} \right)$
45	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{(n - [t])!} L_{[t]}^{n-2[t]}(a),$ $t < n + 1$ $0, t > n + 1$	$\frac{1 - e^{-p}}{n! p} (-xe^{-p})^{n/2} H_n \left( \frac{1 - axe^{-p}}{2 \sqrt{-xe^{-p}}} \right)$

TABLE 1 (continued)...

No.	$f(t)$	$F(p)$
46	$\binom{n}{[t]} x^{[t]} H_{[t]}(a),$ $t < n+1$ $0, t > n+1$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (xe^{-p})^n H_n\left(a + \frac{e^p}{2x}\right)$
47	$\binom{n}{[t]} x^{[t]} H_{[t]}(a) H_{n-[t]}(b),$ $t < n+1$ $0, t > n+1$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (x^2e^{-2p} + 1)^{n/2} H_n\left(\frac{axe^{-p} + b}{\sqrt{x^2e^{-2p} + 1}}\right)$
48	$\frac{x^{[t]}}{(n-[t])! (2v)_{[t]}^{(v)}} C_{[t]}^{(v)}(a),$ $t < n+1$ $0, t > n+1$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{(2v)_n p} (1 - 2axe^{-p} + x^2e^{-2p})^{n/2} \times$ $\times C_n^{(v)}\left(\frac{1 - axe^{-p}}{\sqrt{1 - 2axe^{-p} + x^2e^{-2p}}}\right)$
49	$\binom{n}{[t]} x^{[t]} B_{[t]}(a),$ $t < n+1$ $0, t > n+1$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (xe^{-p})^n B_n\left(a + \frac{e^p}{x}\right)$
50	$\binom{n}{[t]} x^{[t]} E_{[t]}(a),$ $t < n+1$ $0, t > n+1$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (xe^{-p})^n E_n\left(a + \frac{e^p}{x}\right)$
51	$\binom{n}{[t]} x^{[t]} {}_{p+1}F_q(-[t],$ $(a_p); b_q; y), t < n+1$ $0, t > n+1$	$\frac{1-e^{-p}}{p} (xe^{-p} + 1)_{p+t}^n F_q\left(-n, (a_p); (b_q); \frac{xy}{e^p + x}\right)$

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